

Methane Guiding Principles Signatory

Woodside Energy January 2024





Company: Woodside Energy

Year of Joining Methane Guiding Principles: 2018

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Principle One:

Continually reduce methane emissions.



2023 Completed Activity 2024 Intended Activity During 2023, Woodside continued to prioritise methane reduction activities in conjunction with our asset Woodside will continue to review and prioritise methane reduction activities across our operated facilities. decarbonisation and methane reduction activity plan processes. Activities delivered are in line with commitment to 2024 focus activities include: the Oil and Gas Climate Initiative (OGCI) Aiming for Zero Methane Emissions Initiative. Continue to deliver reductions through methane action plans. Methane inventories were completed for all operating assets Develop plans for all operated assets to strive for (including those under the merger BHP Petroleum portfolio), 'near zero' methane by 2030 or sooner utilising top utilising top down and bottom-up measurements. Material down and bottom-up measured data obtained methane emissions sources and corresponding emissions during 2023 (in accordance with the Oil and Gas reduction activities were identified. Methane emission Climate, OGCI, near zero methane initiative reductions achieved in 2023 aggregate to roughly 2,005tpa of Woodside joined in 2022). methane (equivalent to 168ktCO2e based on a global warming Continue to progress flare upgrades and dry seal potential of 84tCO2/tCH4). installation projects to reduce methane emissions. Continue to pilot and deploy new technologies to Delivered emissions reduction activities including: support sustainable and cost-effective ongoing methane measurements. Performance optimisation of wet gas seals on two Boil Off Gas (BOG) compressors which were not operating as per design. Rectification of a trunkline onshore terminal fugitive leak. This included deployment of an acoustic methane emissions detection technique to identify passing valves. Automation of a manual venting procedure on three Acid Gas Removal (AGRU) units to recover vented Progressing a project to detailed engineering to convert boil off gas compressor wet gas seals to dry gas seals. Detailed engineering for a flare tower major design upgrade. This included upgrades to improve methane combustion efficiency and real time monitoring to enable operational optimisation.



Principle Two:

Advance strong performance across the gas supply chain



2023 Completed Activity

According to the IEA, methane emissions account for nearly half the oil and gas sectors current scope 1 and 2 emissions.

Woodside's methane emissions are roughly 0.1% of production by volume (2022 Climate Report), less than the Oil and Gas Climate Initiative (OGCI) Aiming for Zero Methane Emissions Initiative target of 0.2%. That said, Woodside continues to work with others to reduce methane emissions in their operations.

Woodside participated in both methane research and outreach with other organisations including joint venture partners, industry bodies, research groups, the gas value chain, and the Australian government.

Research was conducted via the Future Energy Exports (FEnEx) partnership with the University of Western Australia (UWA) for testing and development of novel methane sensors.

Significant outreach was undertaken to engage industry members across the gas value chain, including global leadership of the Methane Guiding Principles (MGP) flagship Mid-Stream initiative (Refer to Taskforces on MGP website: How It Works | The Methane Guiding Principles Partnership).

Key highlights include:

- Leadership of the Midstream Initiative for MGP, with 20 global members and more than 50 organisations engaged during 2023. Woodside advocacy supported additional Australian organisations to join MGP.
- Membership of the Associated of Southeast Asian Nations (ASEAN)Methane Leadership Partnership (MLP) which supports effective methane emission management in the ASEAN energy industry.
- Supporting reinvigoration of the Australian Energy Producers (AEP, formerly APPEA) Methane Taskforce to collaborate and advocate on sound regulation and policy.
- Working with other operators and joint venture partners in Australia to explore ways to reduce methane emissions, including best practices.
- Woodside shared methane measurement and reduction learnings via several forums including, publishing and presenting a technical journal article at the 2023 AEP conference and participating in global panels at the Global Methane Summit in Houston.
- Engagement via a panel discussion relating to methane emissions at the International Gas Union conference.

2024 Intended Activity

Activities planned for 2024 include:

- Continuation of research projects with UWA via FEnEx including the development of continuous monitoring methane sensors.
- Continued leadership of the MGP Midstream Initiative.
- Continue to grow and embed our 2023 gas value chain outreach activities in Australia through AEP.
- Support ASEAN MLP outreach activities.
- Publish a technical journal article relating to methane measurement including presentation at the 2024 AEP conference.
- Continue to seek out opportunities to collaborate and share knowledge with our joint venture partners and other value chain industry partners.



Principle Three:

Improve accuracy of methane emissions data.

| 2023 Completed Activity | 2024 Intended Activity |
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| In 2023, Woodside trialled a variety of measurement technologies for their first use within Woodside. In addition, Woodside also supported several Australian technology pilots. Trials and pilots included: Two onshore trials of high-fidelity satellite measurements to quantify source level methane emissions. Woodside continues to work with the respective vendors on validation of satellite detection against ground-based quantification methods. This work supports ongoing development of technology for top-down methane measurements. | Continue to evaluate measurement technology application and accuracy to facilitate sustainable deployment. Techniques under evaluation and assessment include gas mapping Light Detection and Ranging (LIDAR), multi-sensor drones, satellites, and fugitive detection. This work supports application of a practical and representative bottom-up and top-down measurement approach and facilitates improved measurement accuracy in emissions accounting. |
| The Airborne Visible InfraRed Imaging Spectrometer (AVIRIS) technology trial involved airborne visible and infrared spectroscopy for methane detection and measurement. This work was conducted at Woodside's Pluto, Karratha, and Macedon onshore facilities and supports ongoing development of technology for top-down methane measurements. Trialling of different handheld leak detection and quantification tools. This work improves understanding of the tools themselves and the techniques required for | |
| Multi-sensor drone trial to support differentiation and allocation of methane emissions to sources. | |



Principle Four:

Advocate sound policy and regulations on methane emissions

| 2023 Completed Activity | 2024 Intended Activity |
|---|---|
| Woodside submitted a paper as a part of the Australian Climate Change Authority (CCA) consultation on methane emissions reporting frameworks and participated in one-to-one discussions. Through membership with the Australian Energy Producers (AEP, formerly APPEA) Woodside has supported reinvigoration of the Methane Taskforce, to promote regular dialogue and encourage joint advocacy to support methane emissions reductions. Woodside has sponsored two workshops which brought together the AEP and other industry operators from across the value chain. Woodside supported Future Energy Exports (FEnEx) in drafting their report titled "Improving fugitive emissions management in the Australian LNG industry". The report provided several regulatory recommendations for improving the National Greenhouse and Energy Reporting (NGER) scheme, introducing industry segmentation in emissions calculations and updating regulations to incorporate new measurement technologies. Woodside collaborated with the Environmental Defence Fund (EDF) through the UNEP Methane Science Studies research program with the aim to improve understanding of methane emission impacts. Positive feedback was received by the EDF regarding Woodside's participation to maximize the potential of the science and useful interpretation of data. | Continue to work with other Australian organisations, industry bodies, and government agencies to promote advancement of methane reductions in Australia, including measurement and reporting. Continue to work with and support the CCA to improvement Australia's methane reporting framework. Investigate potential for collaboration opportunities between participants in various outreach programs such as the Associated of Southeast Asian Nations (ASEAN) Methane Leadership Partnership (MLP) and Methane Guiding Principles (MGP). |



Principle Five:

Increase transparency:

| 2023 Completed Activity | 2024 Intended Activity |
|---|--|
| The emphasis Woodside places on minimising methane leaks has resulted in methane emissions being roughly 0.1% of production by volume (2022 Climate Report). Woodside reviewed several methane reporting frameworks including: GTI Veritas and OGMP2.0. Woodside worked with the Australian Energy Producers (AEP) via the Stakeholder Representative Group to support the development of the International Green House Gas (GHG) Supply Chain Emissions Measurement, Monitoring, Reporting and Verification (MMRV) framework of which methane is an important consideration. Woodside maintained bottom-up inventories of methane emissions and updated these with site based top-down measurements. This supports transparent reporting of both estimated and measured methane emissions measurements. | Woodside plans to join a global methane reporting framework. Woodside will continue to support the technical working via the AEP in the development of the International GHG Supply Chain Emissions MMRV framework. |



Methane Emissions

| Do you report absolute methane emissions within your sustainability | 2022 Climate Report |
|---|--|
| report? | |
| If so, provide link. | |
| Do you report a methane intensity within your sustainability report? | 2022 Climate Report |
| If so, provide link. | |
| What is your organization's total | Operated: 9,750 tCH4. |
| absolute methane emissions? | Equity: 7,900 tCH4. |
| Provide a figure in tons. | Reporting period: 1 Jan 2022 to 31 Dec 2022. |
| Provide latest data publicly available. | |
| State your methodology. | National Greenhouse Energy Reporting Act |
| State your reporting boundary. | Includes Production and Processing within operational control |
| What are your organization's methane | Operated: 0.054% |
| intensity? | Equity: 0.072% |
| Provide latest data publicly available. | |
| State your methodology. | (Sm³ methane / Sm³ marketed gas) |
| State your reporting boundary. | National Greenhouse Energy Reporting |
| Do you have a methane emission target? | Woodside methane target is aligned with the philosophy of the |
| If yes, please state what it is, including | Oil and Gas Climate Initiative's 'Aiming for Zero' methane emissions initiative which seek to achieve near zero methane |
| the boundaries and methodology. | emissions from operated assets by 2030. |
| If no, are you developing such a target? Please state your intended timeline. | |